

CLA 2151 CLASSICAL ANTIQUITY AND SUSTAINABILITY
SPRING 2013 PRACTICE QUIZ 1

I. Multiple Choice Questions (5 pts. Each)

01. Egypt is bound by seas in the
(a) north and east
(b) north and west
(c) south
02. The Alps bound Italy in the
(a) north
(b) south
(c) neither A or B
03. Greece is
(a) west of Italy
(b) east of Italy
(c) north of Italy
04. Thera (Santorini):
(a) a volcanic location in southeast Greece
(b) a volcanic location in southwest Italy
(c) a granite quarry in southern Egypt
05. The Nile flows
(a) from north to south
(b) from south to north
(c) from east to west
06. The Nile flooded its valley
(a) every month
(b) every year
(c) at random times
07. The Tiber flooded its valley
(a) every month
(b) every year
(c) at random times
08. Red granite is a rock prevalently occurring in
(a) Greece
(b) Italy
(c) Egypt
09. 40,000 BCE:
(a) Bronze Age
(b) Neolithic
(c) neither A or B
10. Dendrochronology
(a) a dating methodology based on the analysis of Carbon-14 decay
(b) a dating methodology based on the analysis of tree ring patterns
(c) Neither A or B

I. True / False Questions (5 pts. each)

11. Greek geology is poor in limestone
12. The Greek Aegean islands are the tips of submerged mountains
13. The Nile sources are in Egypt
14. The earliest agrarian economies date to the Neolithic
15. Palaeolithic means 'Recent Stone Age'
16. The beginnings of Rome are traditionally dated to the Iron Age, 753 BCE
17. Vesuvius is the name of a volcano in southeast Greece
18. The ancient Egyptians called their land *Kemet*, 'The Dark Earth'
19. The ancient Egyptian calendar had three seasons
20. Marble is a rock resulting from metamorphosed limestone